COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1888. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

MBER 616

DIANA CAMPAIGN.

's Trip to Evansville a Continued Ovation.

Crowd the Stations to Greet the Statesman.

or Hill Begins His Canvass of Indiana.

ks for an Hour to an Indianapolis Audience.

at Evansville.

NSVILLE, October 12 - Blaine was the union station at noon and to Evansville. The ...ered with people who keenly ...w he stood on the platform and ...d hand in fare well

...NE, Ind., October 12 - Mr ...and party arrived at Terre ...ning. They were received by a ...

the Blaine club with music by ...ke and march. All along the route from ...ville to Terre Haute ... gathered to greet the distinguished statesman, and in most instances ... made his appearance on the ...form of the train. He made no ... excepting when Terre Haute ... when he was ... ...

...overnor Hill in Indiana.

...NAPOLIS, Ind., October 12 - Governor ... New York inaugurated his campaign in Indiana at this place to-day. He ... at the depot by Governor Gray ..., and escorted to an adjacent ...ere a large audience had ... He was introduced by M. J. ...

...ELLOW CITIZENS—Your state seems ... with enthusiasm and unanimity. ... I come to add my testimony ... of the wisdom and honesty ... lived from the democratic ... administration of national affairs. To ... we this land our people are ... the discussion of economy and ... questions. Four years ago we ... ...ed in consequence ... ...tions ... and animosities between the ... ...ates, we are permitted to dis... economic and industrial ... ...ased, under the wise and states... administration of Grover Cleve... country has been entirely and ... ...ly packed. [Applause.]

...NAPOLIS, October 12—Governor ... party arrived in Indianapolis at ... night. A crowd of two thousand ... were at the union depot. The ... carriages and were escorted ... Tomlinson's hall where a ... was in progress. As Governor ... entered, escorted by Governor ... and Chairman ... Jewett, ... audience rose and cheered ... ...sly. The demonstration con... several moments, and was most ... in character. Governor ... not conclude until 10 o'clock, ...ken over an hour.

...ton, Speaks at Hyde...

...ton, Ind., October 12.—For some ... impression got abroad that ... would be no meeting at this place ... but the wide awake republicans ... ...rounds after the speakers and ... before eight o'clock there was ... thence, including a great many ... elected in the splendid new ... school house. Mr. J. C. ... the state committeeman from ... as among the audience. Mr. J. ... presided, and introduced Col. ... and W. H. Brisbane, the ... of the evening. Mr. Jones went ... where there is a democratic ... to-night, and he will address ... of that wide awake town to-

hour and fifteen minutes Col. ... held the closest attention of ... ence, and frequently elicited ap... cheers. He showed the rela... agriculture bears to our manu... manufacturing industries with ... effect, and it is safe to predict ... democratic voters will be scarce ... the sixth of November.

...ator followed Colonel Towns... to the people something of the ... of the republican state ticket. ... dwelt on a few other topics, creating ... excellent impression. Mr. J. C. ... was called out, and showed up ... ...ture of the charges against Mr. ... republican candidate for re... ...

Mr. J. L. Harding sang the ... parody on "Tit Willow," after ... meeting adjourned with cheers ... whole ticket.

Bloodshed in a Riot.

...ON, Mo., October 12.—Thomas ... wealthy coal mine operator, ... here this afternoon, by strik... during a riot. Nearly all ... have engaged new men, and ... been coming in from abroad ... days past. This action of the ... greatly incensed the strikers ... ... their former employers especially ... Today the new men were ... by strikers and a general battle ... ...ensued, the rival factions were ... There is intense excitement at ... and fears are entertained of fur... violence. The sheriff and a posse ... ...ty here.

The Chicago Strike.

...GO, October 12.—The silicated ... fixed on the north side track ... ...rovided no consequence. The ... were of a small cheap variety ... ...ter's use. The same number ... for the past few days are ... on the north side without opposition.

It is announced an attempt will ... run cars to-day on two or

THE ROCK ISLAND.

Arrival of the Rock Island Committee Here.

Great Preparations Being Made to Welcome Them Tuesday.

Description of the Way the Road Reaches Here.

The Current Express Train Goes Over the Line.

After ... the Rock Island ... to-day the ... ...

...ARRIVED ... ... and the ... Springs will ... At 9 ... ...

THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1888

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

[Signal Office, 8 p. m. Oct. 11, 1888.]

Temperature at 6 a m	49°
Temperature at 12 m	64°
Temperature at 6 p m	55°
Mean temperature	56°
Maximum temperature	70°
Minimum temperature	43°
Range of temperature	27°
Mean relative humidity	57
Average velocity of wind	4 miles
State of weather	Clear
Precipitation	.00

T. W. Shearman, Signal Service.

Art loan exhibition to night.

There will be a regular meeting of the College Hose Company to morrow evening.

Reserved seats are now on sale for "Natural Gas" at the opera house next Monday evening.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union office for H. O. Mathews and Mr Claude Atwood.

Lizzie, the 8 year old daughter of Mr and Mrs. M McDonald, died in this city on the 9th inst. of diphtheria.

Any tinning or coupling of the fire bell and steam alone to day after 12 o'clock must be regarded as a false alarm.

When you hear the warbling of the GAZETTE's sweet singer to day you can know the Rock Island rests at the foot of Pike's Peak.

J. McD. Hussey will address the democratic voters at Colorado City to night. A number of the democrats of this city are making arrangements to attend.

Among the amusement events for Republican speakers in this city are Dr. David H. Moore and Hon. J. F. Vaile next Friday night. Hon. E. O. Wolcott on the 24th. S. S. Wallace will speak for the [illegible] on the 30th.

Mr. E. P. Moon, of Husted, has furnished us with the following weather record for the week ending at 8 o'clock p. m. Oct. 8: Highest temperature, 80 on the 10th; lowest temperature, 37 on the 5th; weekly mean temperature, 49.5. Prevailing direction of the wind, three days north and three days south, and on the seventh it was variable. On the 8th there was a heavy white frost.

The annual conference of the colored M. E. ministers of the district of Colorado, Wyoming and New Mexico began in this city yesterday. There are 14 or 15 ministers present. Bishop Grant of Texas will preside as Bishop Ward was called home by a death in his family. The business transacted yesterday was the opening of the conference and appointment of committees. Rev. J. B. Wallace of Leadville preached to a large congregation last night, composed of both races.

The Union Sunday school teachers' class, [illegible] addressed by Rev. W. H. Brodhead, of Denver, opened very auspiciously last Friday night with a large attendance. The class will meet again this evening at the Congregational church at 7:30, undoubtedly with much larger attendance yet. It will be conducted at the same place and hour every Friday evening through the winter. All persons interested in Bible study, whether teachers in any Sunday school or not, are cordially invited to attend.

The New York Tribune, in speaking of the attraction which will appear at the opera house next Monday evening, says: "The object of 'Natural Gas' is to amuse. The author, managers and a great mass of theater goers are satisfied. 'Natural Gas' is the best of its class, for while it has no more merit in dialogue than some of its predecessors, it has a constant flow of spirited and laugh provoking action. A company of extremely clever people are engaged in the performance. Henry V. Donnelly is an excellent comedian and mimic, while Eddie Girard is an excellent comedian acrobat, dancer and imitator of monkey antics. The piece was warmly received by a fair and once which tested the capacity of the house and will doubtless be received for weeks to come."

The grand lodge of colored Masons intended to hold a public installation of its officers last night, but a suitable room could not be secured for the ceremony, and they were installed privately on Wednesday night. The officers of the grand lodge are as follows: Grand master, D. D. Moore, of Cheyenne; deputy grand master, C. B. Robinson of Colorado Springs; grand senior warden Henry Powers of Pueblo; grand junior warden Charles Cockaberry, of Cheyenne; grand treasurer, Samuel Cook of Denver; grand secretary, Samuel Logan, of Pueblo; grand lecturer, W. R. B. Alexander, of Colorado Springs; grand orator J. N. Triplett, Cheyenne; grand chaplain, Beverly Thornton of Denver; grand tyler Sneath Gee, Colorado Springs; grand pursuivant W. G. Newman, Colorado Springs; grand senior deacon P. J. Bernard, Colorado Springs; grand junior deacon Alex. McGaw, of Colorado Springs.

Mr. W. H. Wesley gave a most successful exhibition of the work of the Miller Hood Chemical fire engine last night on the corner of Huerfano and Tejon streets. A wall of boards [illegible] feet was erected and the surface was thoroughly saturated with oil. Kindling was then piled against the wall and ignited. When the flames were thoroughly ablaze the stream from the engine was turned on and in a very few seconds the fire was extinguished. The test was very satisfactory to the firemen and others who witnessed it. It would not be a bad idea to have a few of the engines in the city now and then for practice. A number of citizens have already placed them in the fire houses and if the fire officers will only keep the pots filled and keep them [illegible]

Abner Arcade, J. L. Nichols, Denver; Tom M. May, Leadville; H. H. Greer, Ice Lake; Sandy T. Hunter, Leadville; Geo. W. Darling, W. Ironton; H. H. Waters and wife, Pennsylvania; C. C. Smith and wife, Lexington, Ky.; L. B. Dyer, Denver; H. Rothenberg, Leavenworth; Geo. E. Whitcomb, Kansas City; Mrs. C. A. Arnold, Denver; P. F. King, Denver; Mrs. Semple, Denver; F. J. Ballard, Denver; Frank Millard, city; F. B. Lauder, Chicago; R. F. Kavanaugh, Falcon.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

[illegible] per line for each insertion. Advertisements to be continued every other day, or every day of the week, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALE & BAKER

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

VISIT TO UTAH

How I Found the Mormons as They Are.

Special Correspondence of the Chieftain.

[illegible] are our Americans [illegible] We have never visited [illegible] where most minds have [illegible] from [illegible] by the [illegible] And I do not know [illegible]

[illegible] the Rocky mountains [illegible] crossed and recrossed [illegible] determined to cross [illegible] conveniences and to make [illegible] with the [illegible] was as shown back upon the [illegible] the application of [illegible]

[illegible] that [illegible] of [illegible] journey [illegible] mountains [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] through the other [illegible] [illegible] The sights there were [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE GAZETTE,

PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE

Per annum $6 00 | Three Six months $3 00
Three months 2 50 | One month 1 00

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE

Per annum $2 00 | Six months 1 00
Three months 50

ADVERTISING

Rates known on application to the office.

JOB WORK

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to the best of any [illegible] west of the Missouri river.

All persons having accounts in the [illegible] are hereby notified that all the accounts [illegible] are properly attended to. We cannot [illegible] unless [illegible] for advertisements [illegible] in the paper unless notice to this effect.

No [illegible] are allowed against employes of the Gazette Printing Co. or any of its [illegible].

All correspondents for the Weekly GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday morning.

Advertising agents are specially notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

H. W. STEELE
Manager of the Gazette.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
Of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
LEVI P. MORTON,
Of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Presidential Electors
D. H. MOORE.
F. E. OSBISTON.
J. P. GALLOWAY.

For Congressman,
HORACE TOWNSEND.

For Governor,
JOB A. COOPER

For Lieutenant-Governor,
W. G. SMITH.

For State Treasurer,
W. H. BRISBANE

For Secretary of State,
JAMES RICE

For Attorney-General,
S. W. JONES.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
C. D. HAYT.

For Judge of Supreme Court to fill vacancy,
A. A. ELLIOTT.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
F. DICK

For Regents of the State University,
C. R. DUDLEY,
S. G. GRIFFIN.

REPUBLICAN JUDICIAL TICKET.

For District Judge,
JOHN CAMPBELL.

For District Attorney,
B. F. GARRISON

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senator,
CHAS. K. NOBLE

For members of the Legislature,
[illegible]
C. D. FORD.

For County Commissioner,
J. C. WOODBURY

REPUBLICAN PRECINCT TICKET.

For Justices of the Peace,
A. H. CORMAN,
[illegible]

For Constables,
R. D. REDMOND.
For Road Overseer,
E. W. ROBERTS

The friends of Mr. S. F. Parrish will be pleased to learn of his nomination to the legislature in Lake county. It is the strongest evidence of a strong ticket in that county. Mr. Parrish is the kind of a man who would not seek an office and when such men are nominated, it is evidence that the ticket is made up for strength and not for a scramble between ambitious statesmen.

The news that both houses of congress have at last substantially agreed upon next Saturday as the day of adjournment will be received with delight by the people of the country. The prolonged session of congress has been attended with the usual enormous expense to the tax-payer without adequate return. For several weeks the presence of a quorum in either house has been an unusual thing. Occasionally a bill has been passed but as a general thing the time has been devoted to incandescent discussions and to the manufacturing of campaign literature. Since the presidential nominations were made the transaction of legitimate business has been a matter of secondary consideration. The people have been tired of this session for some time and it is a matter for congratulation that congress has at last tired itself out.

SURPLUS AND SILVER.

Our attention has been called to the following article from the Iron Age entitled the "Profits on Silver Coinage and the Surplus."

There seems to be a good deal of uncertainty as to the amount of the surplus in the United States treasury. Some say there is practically none at all. Some say there is more than $100,000,000. Some say there won't be more if the imperatively necessary expenditures for various objects and for the payment of the actual obligations of the government were provided for. Some say that if there is a surplus, it should be spent in buying bonds of the government not yet due. And of course there are many schemes, good, bad and indifferent, for disposing of the surplus if there be one.

Strangely enough, no one seems to dispute what a part of the surplus actually does exist. It is generally accepted by all parties that there is a large amount of silver in the treasury, which has been coined at the rate of 412½ grains of silver to the dollar, and which is worth in the market only about 371 grains of silver to the dollar. The profit on the coinage of this silver, which is the difference between the bullion value of the silver and the coin value, is the principal part of the surplus. We do not know who first called attention to this fact, but it is certain that no complete international arrangement can be made for the coinage to be arranged on the basis of a ratio of 15½ to 1. As we are coining at the ratio of 16 to 1, the cost of coinage will be simply that for bullion to the amount of seventy-seven cents per dollar to the Latin Unions. So long as France can have more gold than any other country in Europe it is not likely to suffer a loss of 23 per cent in its purchasing power of coined silver. There is no likelihood, therefore, of the withdrawal of silver in the silver dollar being demanded. The danger of reducing the surplus [illegible] by exportation of the ratio at gold and silver is remote only, while the loss of purchasing power is practically imposed. As for the chance from [illegible] to [illegible] France, [illegible] even greater disadvantage in ratio, still has the largest amount of gold in Europe. There is no temptation to counterfeit in France, Spain, Belgium, Italy and Switzerland [illegible] than here, and they do not suffer. Nor is there any sign that we are suffering much from silver counterfeits who only twenty per cent can be made, as we do from counterfeits of national bank and greenback currency where practically a hundred per cent is made.

If the writer had been a sincere friend of sound currency he would have called attention to the [illegible] of our issues, we call greenbacks which is in excess of the redemption fund in the treasury and has no reserve in the treasury to redeem it. Redemption of the greenbacks [illegible] would leave nothing but another promise to pay to be redeemed in gold, which would easily settle the [illegible] question. A full currency with intrinsic value of both metals at the present [illegible] currency with an intrinsic value of eighty cents in any country in the world. The writer of this article could not find sufficient currency with which to [illegible]